



Overview of Météo-France's research activities for aviation safety and climate impact mitigation

Pierre Crispel (CNRM/GMAP)

ISA conference – 23th July 2026 - Toulouse

Outlines

- ❖ General information on Météo-France / CNRM research activities
- ❖ Research on persistent contrails mitigation
- ❖ Research on aeronautical turbulence
- ❖ Research on icing hazard
- ❖ Other research works of interest concerning aviation

General information on Météo-France / CNRM research activities

General information on Météo-France / CNRM research activities

CNRM

Research

- Study of the atmosphere, climate
- **Observations:** new instruments and observation products, campaigns, Assimilation
- **Modelisation:** atmosphere, interfaces (ex. surface)
- Intensive numerical **computing**



Transfer to operations



Operational facilities,
feedback

Collaborative framework



and many others ...

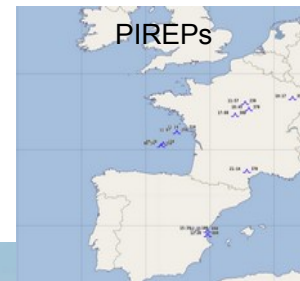
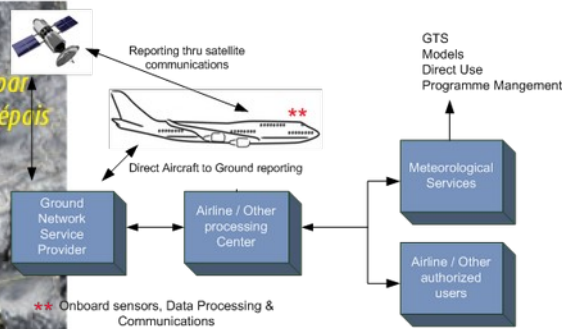
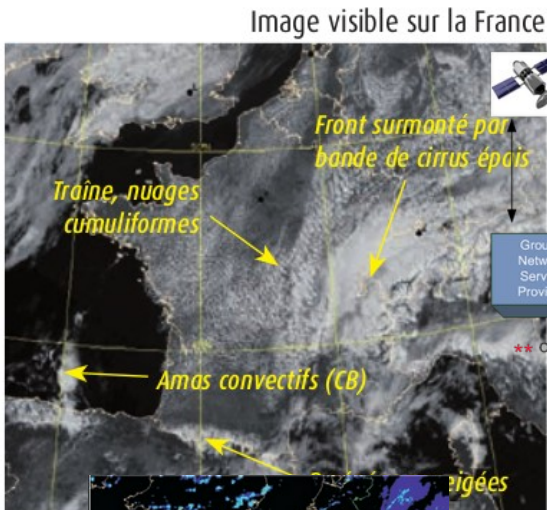
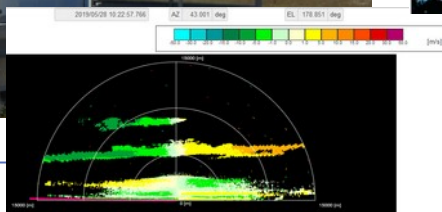
Météo-France

Operations

- Observation systems
- Satellite center
- Operational models
- End-users services and products

General information on Météo-France / CNRM research activities

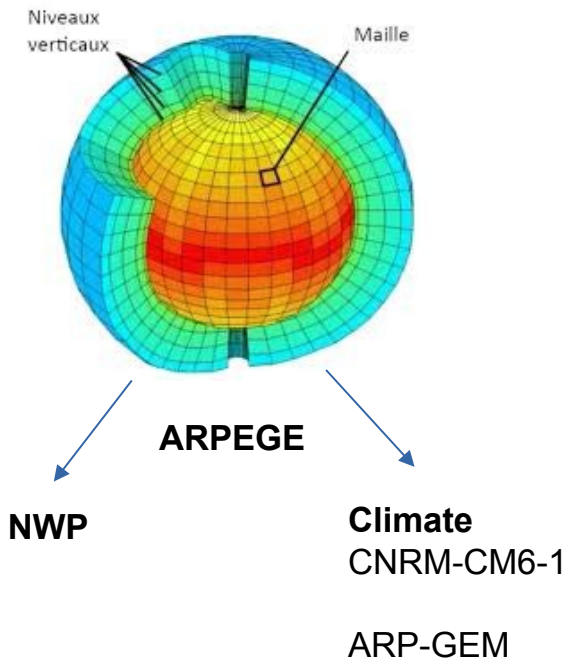
Observations



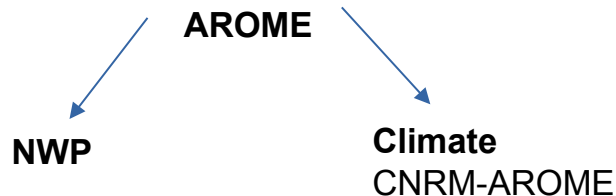
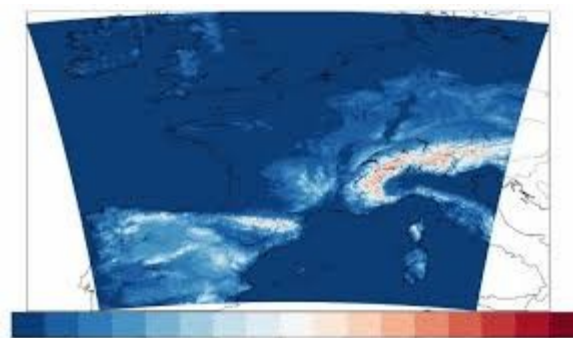
General information on Météo-France / CNRM research activities

Modeling

Global Circulation Models



Limited Area Models



Turbulence scale Model (Large Eddy Simulation LES)

C. Lac et al.: Overview of the Meso-NH model

1955

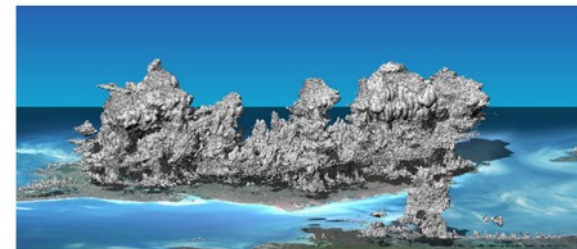


Figure 16. Snapshot of a Meso-NH simulation of Hector the Convective taken from the 1 min cloud envelope animation available at <https://youtu.be/sjPumywGaAU> (last access: 22 May 2018).

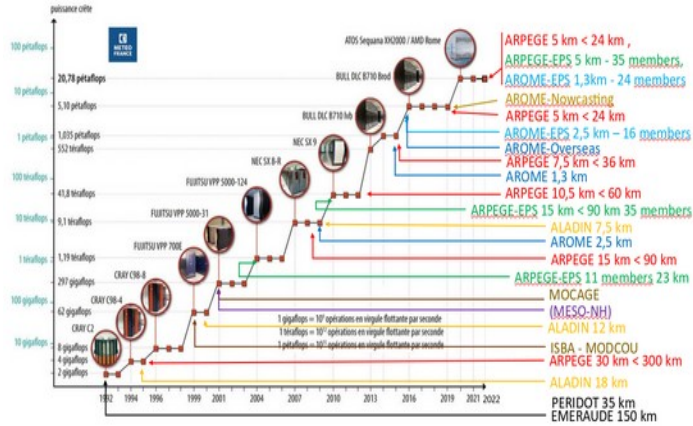
MESO-NH
CNRM / Obs MIP



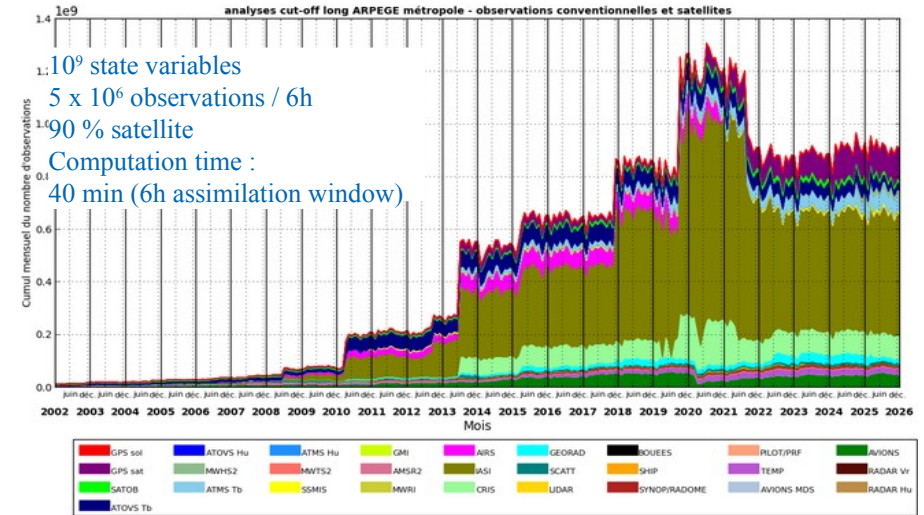
MOCAGE (atmospheric chemistry)

General information on Météo-France / CNRM research activities

Increase of resolution / computation power



New observations to assimilate

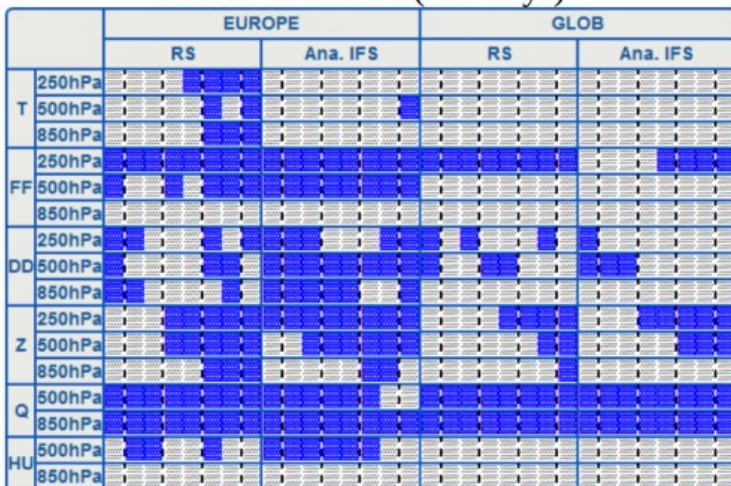


+ improvements in assimilation techniques, dynamical core, physical parametrization (subgrid processes, interfaces)

General information on Météo-France / CNRM research activities

cy49 (integration) vs cy48 (oper)

ARPEGE RMSE (500 days)



Lead time

Increased accuracy in Temperature, Humidity, Wind

→ gain in CAT, icing, convection, visibility, etc ...

→ new contributions in operational NWP model are available to climate models (and reversly)

~ estimated gain in the last 30 years: 1 day of forecast by decade

Research on persistent contrails mitigation

Research on persistent contrails mitigation

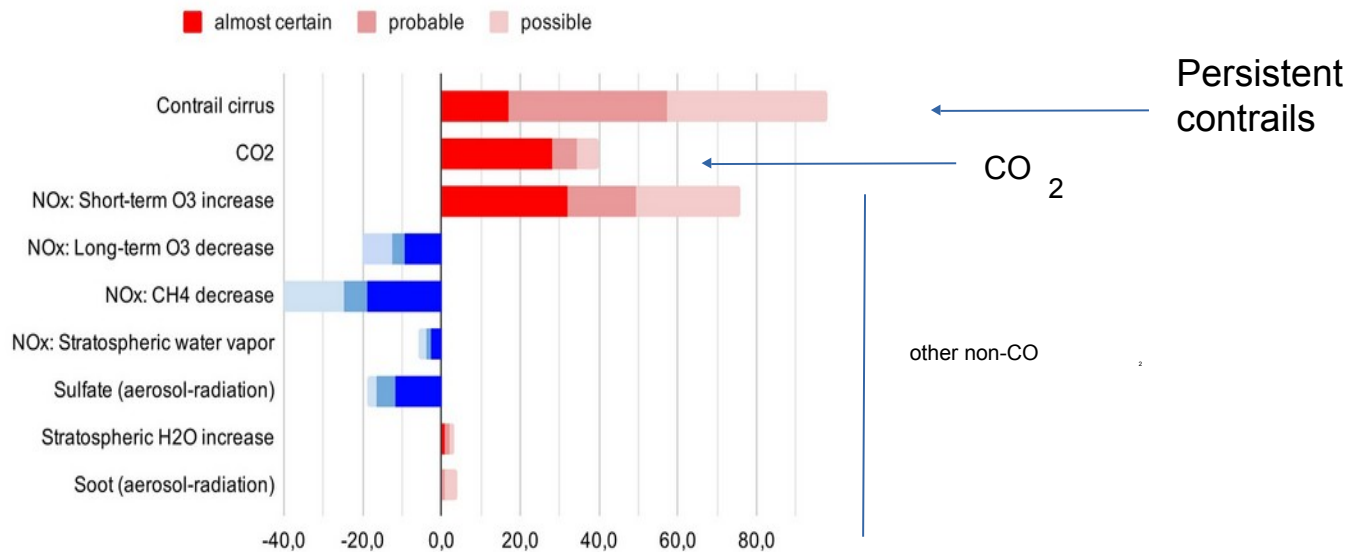
ISSR : Ice Super-Saturated Regions



Source : M. GARCIA



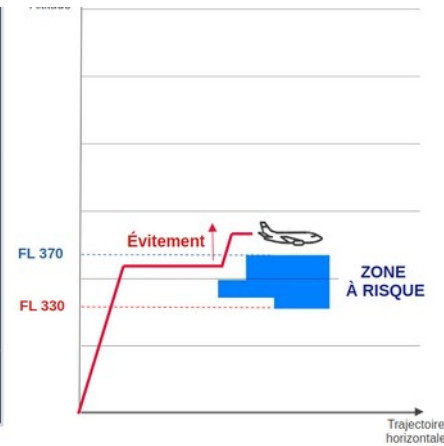
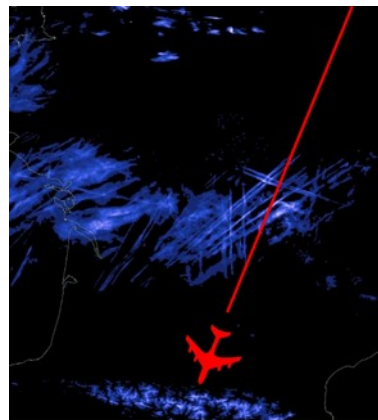
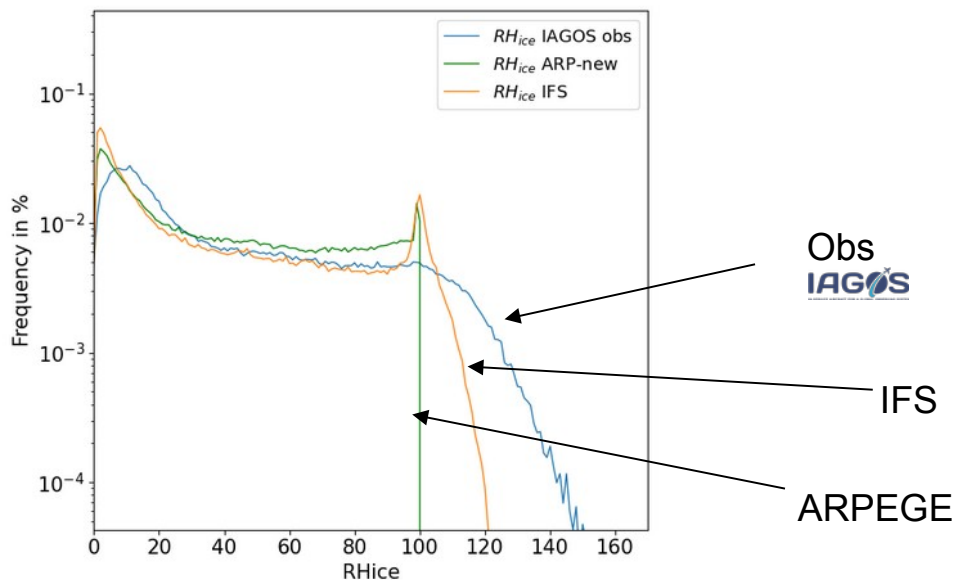
Effective Radiative Forcing components, 2018 (mW/m²)



Source : David S. Lee et al., « The contribution of global aviation to anthropogenic climate forcing for 2000

Challenges

- Representation of supersaturation w.r.t ice in NWP model
- Verification
- Feasibility of avoidance strategies



Research on persistent contrails mitigation



Led by AIRBUS

SESAR JU

2023-2026

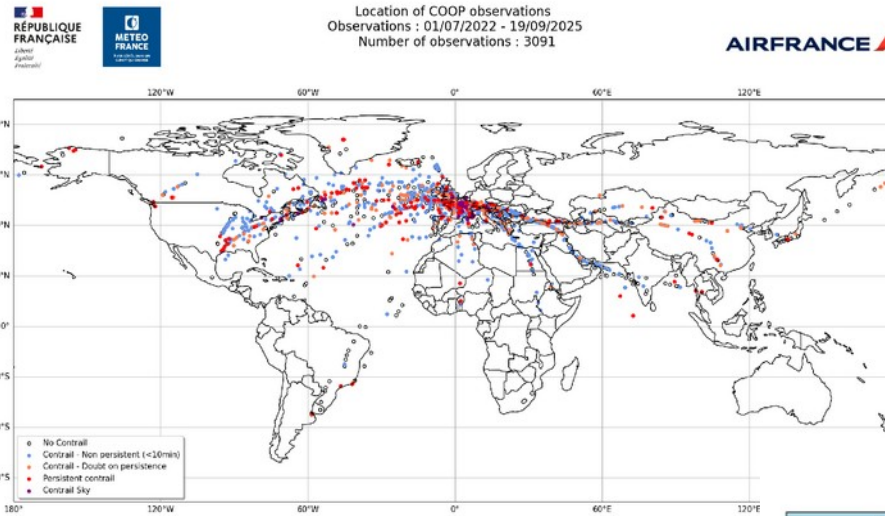
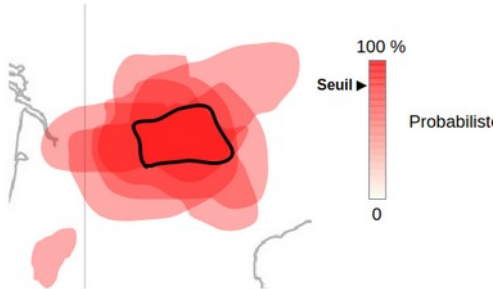
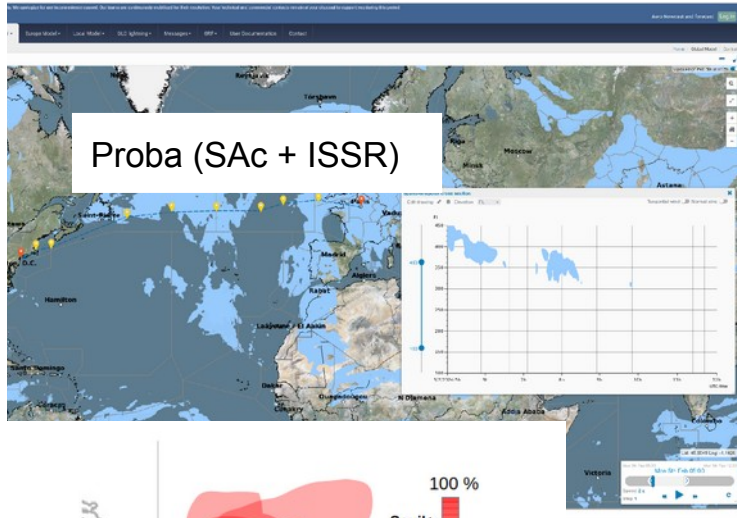
Lead of the WP concerning meteorology

- Provide data for trials / avoidance / sensitivity studies
- Allow supersaturation w.r.t. ice in ARPEGE
- Perform verification of NWP model humidity
- Assimilation of RH_{ice} observations with IA techniques
ANEMOI framework and fleet equipment assessment
- Contrail properties by LIDAR measurements - DSO

Research on persistent contrails mitigation

WIMCOT demonstration product with IFS-EPS

→ Verification with Air France COOP program (observation of contrails) since 2023

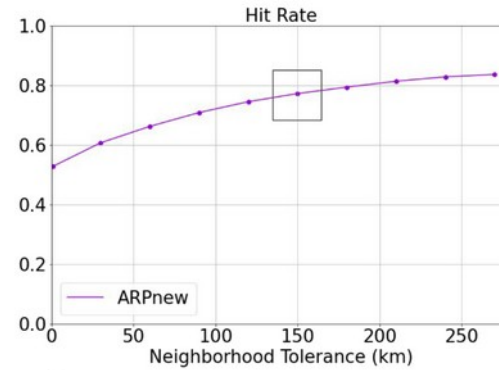
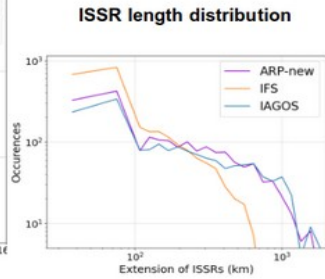
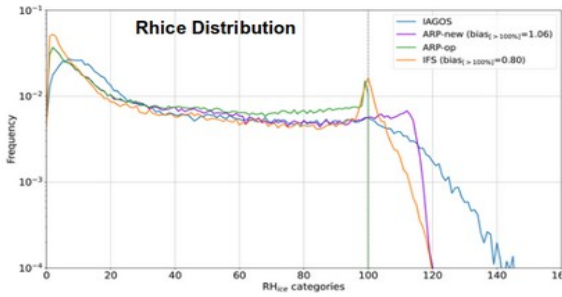


Sources : Observations : COOP (Air France)
Authors : V. Curat (Météo France), L. Péchaud (Air France)

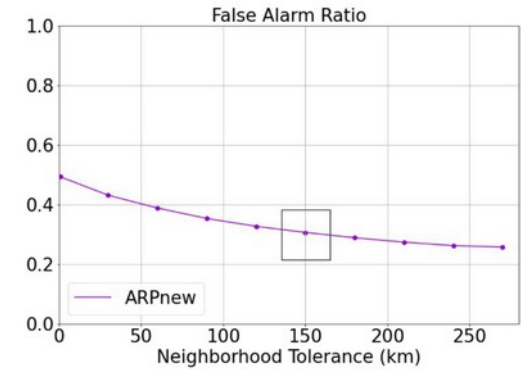
MOD	OBS	COTRA	NO COTRA
COTRA		190	85
NO COTRA		55	1601

Research on persistent contrails mitigation

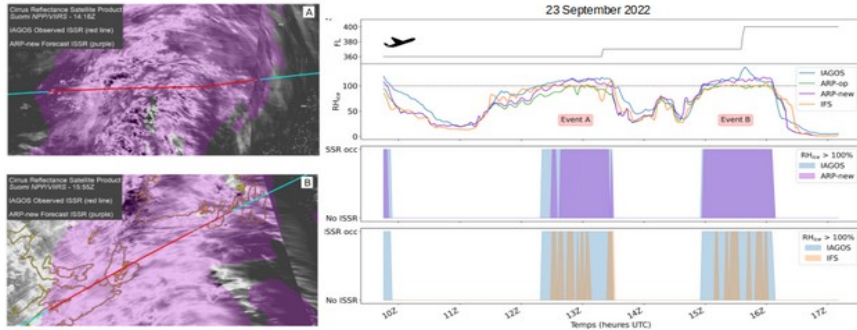
CICONIA : Supersaturation w.r.t. ice in **ARPEGE** and spatial verification (Arriolabengoa et al 2025 - ACP)



When an ISSR was observed, an ISSR was forecast in a 150 km (10 min) neighbourhood in **77%** of the cases.



When an ISSR was forecast, no ISSR was observed in a 150 km (10 min) neighbourhood in **31%** of the cases.



Research on persistent contrails mitigation

Data fusion Obs / model with IA techniques (ANEMOI framework)

Fleet equipment scenario

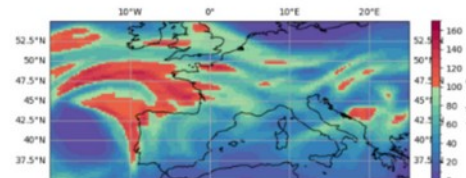
- Number of positions
 - Single aisle :
 - ~ 1 M A320
 - ~ 70 000 A220 ?
 - ~ 120 000 ICE
 - Total : 1,2 M
 - Long range :
 - 390000 B777 + B787
 - 240000 A330 + A340 + A350
 - Total : 630 000



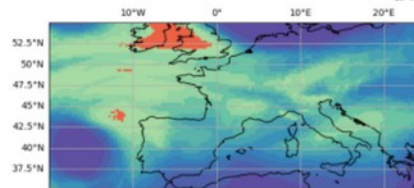
CICONIA

Scenario 1 (0%) Scenario 2 (50%) Scenario 3 (100%) Scenario 4 Single Aisle Scenario 5 Long range

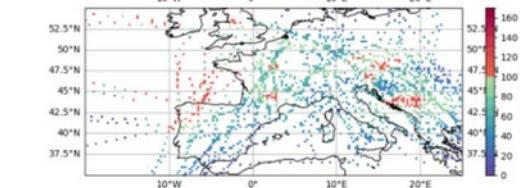
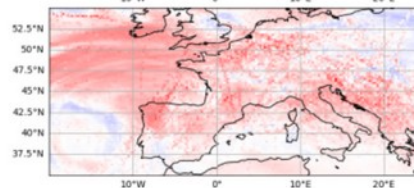
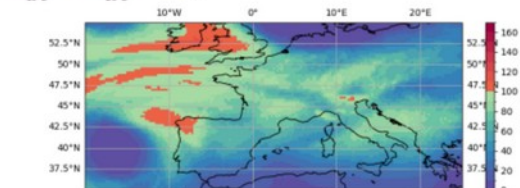
TARGET



NO ASSIM



WITH ASSIM



→ Signal on RMSE reduction when fleet equipment rises, but need to be consolidated

Suzanne Angeli

Research on persistent contrails mitigation

Perspectives

Internal work

- Supersaturation in the operational model ARPEGE,
ARPEGE-ENS (2028)
- WIMCOT probabilistic product based on ARPEGE-ENS

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2026-2029

CICONIA-MET (SESAR)

- Impact of assimilation of RHice observations in ARPEGE model
 - Fleet scenario equipment
 - NWP intercomparison
 - Definition of the met-service and communication on uncertainties
-

Research on persistent contrails mitigation

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Internal work

- Supersaturation in the operational model ARPEGE, ARPEGE-ENS (2028)
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2026-2029

POETIC (DSNA) Dassault – *currently suspended*

- ISSR characterization in AROME microphysics module, and transfer in ARPEGE.
- Support for trials and flight measurements / verification
- Rhice at very high altitude

Research on persistent contrails mitigation

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2026 Call for bursary E-AI Eumtenet programme Klima / Météo-France

- Altitude characterization in contrail satellite detection algorithm
- Nowcasting of persistent contrail risk area

Research on aeronautical turbulence

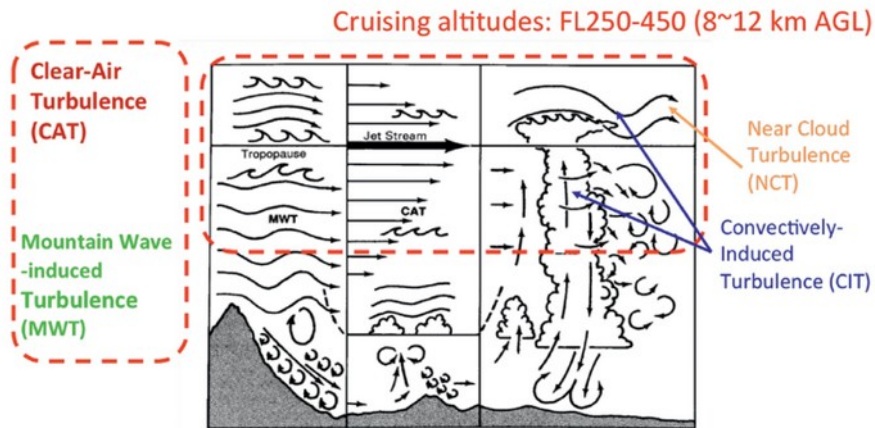
Turbulence

Impactful phenomena for en-route (injuries)

→ several situations for CAT triggering



<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Wavecloudsduval.jpg>

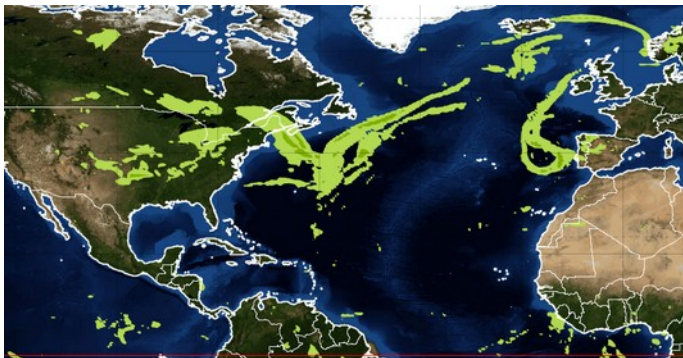


Kim et al. 2018

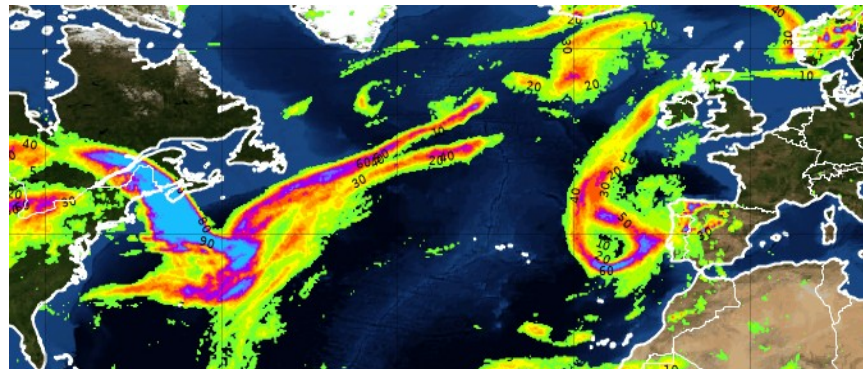
Turbulence

State of the Art

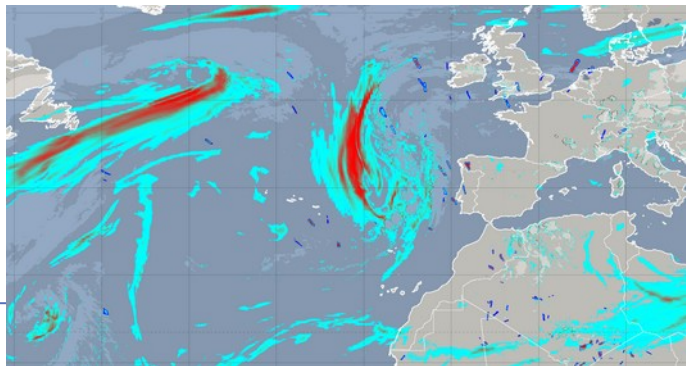
CAT-EDR diagnostic computed on native ARP resolution (op. 2019)
(combined indices - GTG methodology Sharman et al.)



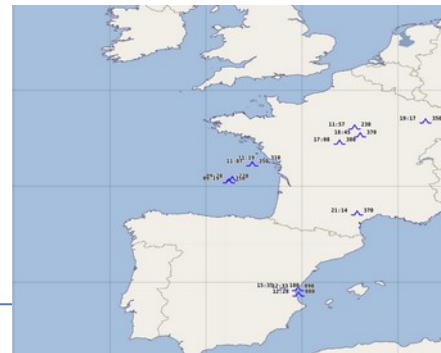
Probabilistic CAT-EDR based on ensemble (op. 2024)



Satellite diagnostics (tropopause folding + gravity waves)



PIREPS, In-situ EDR

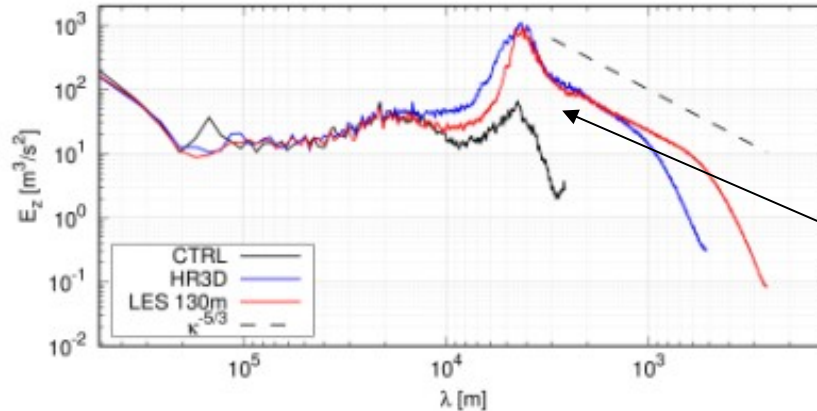


Turbulence

Challenges

- Aeronautical turbulence is a subgrid scale phenomena ($\sim 100\text{m}$)
- Under-estimation of turbulence with current subgrid scale turbulence parametrization in NWP models in the UTLS (stable conditions)

→ Improving TKE parametrization gives an overall benefit for the model (in particular in the UTLS)

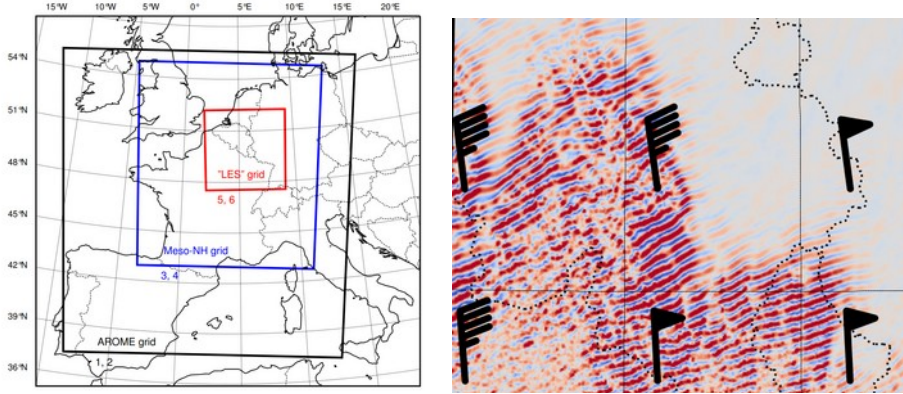


MesoNH
(AROME settings)

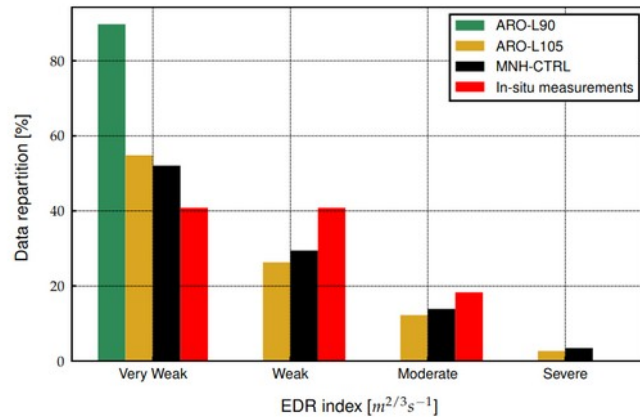
Thèse - Léo Rogel (CNRM)

Turbulence

Impact of resolution and test of a 3D turbulence scheme against LES (PHD + article Rogel et al 2023)



- Increase in AROME resolution (next cycle op 2028 after HPC change)
- **Perspectives:**
 - horizontal shear production terms in TKE equation in AROME (next cycle op 2028 after HPC change)
 - → currently tested for low levels & hectometric resolution.
 - other possibilities for a better TKE representation (e.g. flow dependency for turbulence dissipation computation)



Climate trends

Collaboration with CERFACS

→ classical CAT diagnostics in ARPEGE-Climat

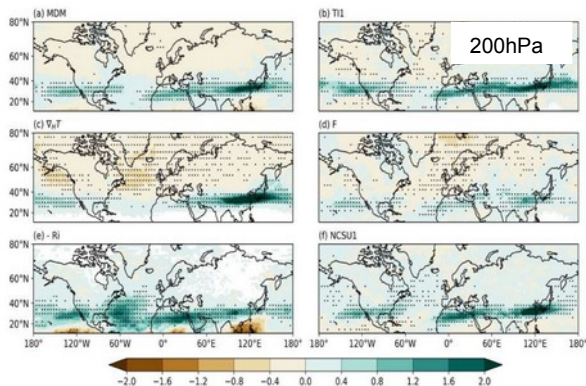


Figure 3.11 – Projected changes in MOG-CAT frequency at $\Delta T=2^{\circ}\text{C}$ for (a) the multi-diagnostic mean (MDM), (b) Turbulence Index 1 (TI1), (c) horizontal temperature gradient ($\nabla_H T$), (d) Frontogenesis function (F), (e) negative Richardson number ($-Ri$), and (f) North Carolina State University index 1 (NCSU1). Changes are estimated from the multi-model ensemble mean. The black dots in (a) indicate those grid points where all CAT indices agree on the sign of the change, while in (b-f) they indicate where more than 80% of models agree on the sign of the change. Units are in %.

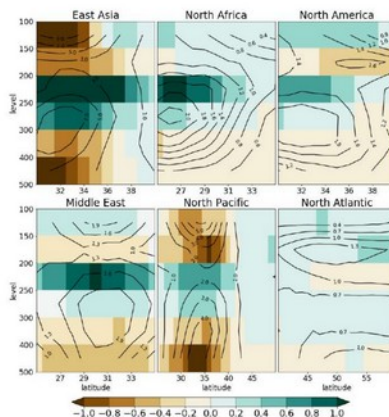


Figure 3.18 – Changements projetés de la structure verticale de la MOG-CAT dans les différentes régions sélectionnées avec $\Delta T=2^{\circ}\text{C}$ (en couleurs). La climatologie de la MOG-CAT est indiquée avec les contours noirs. Les changements sont estimés à partir de la moyenne multi-diagnostic multi-modèle. Les unités sont exprimées en %.

Perspectives

→ Post Doc (ISA)

- Work with a combined CAT-EDR diagnostic
- Multi-level approach

Foudad et al. 2024 (Phd + article)

Research on icing

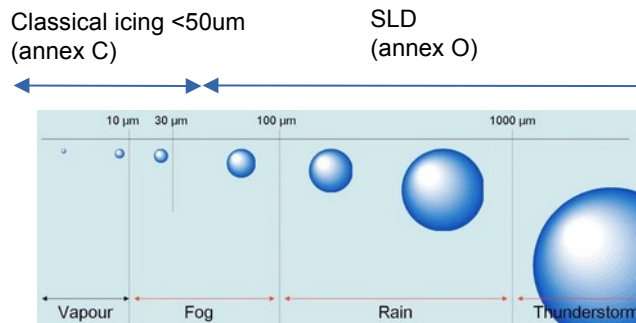
Icing

Supercooled Water Droplets



<https://www.flickr.com/photos/63366024@N00/3168468245/in/dateposted/>

- Accretion of water supercooled droplets on wings or engine surfaces
- New certification criteria for **SLD Icing** (annex O)



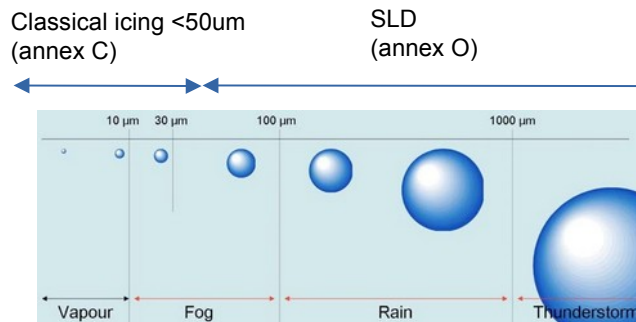
Icing

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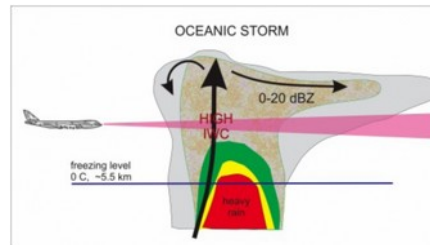
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High Ice Crystals Content (Engine icing)



- ingestion of high concentration of small ice crystals in engines



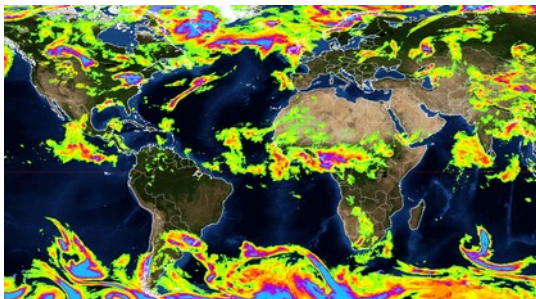
Icing

State of the Art

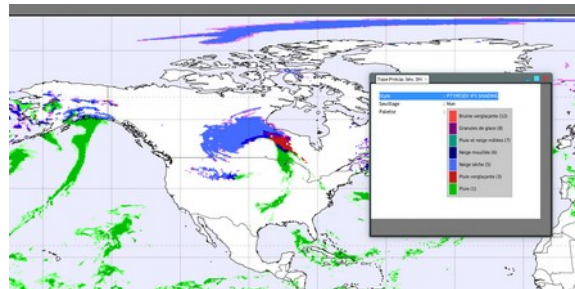
ICEP diagnostic



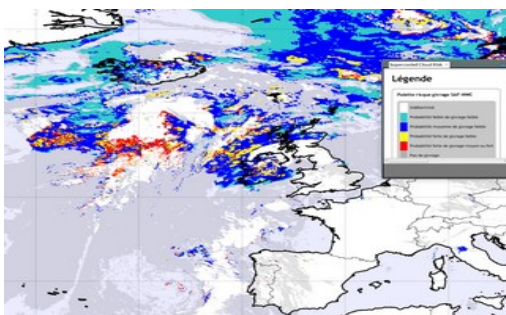
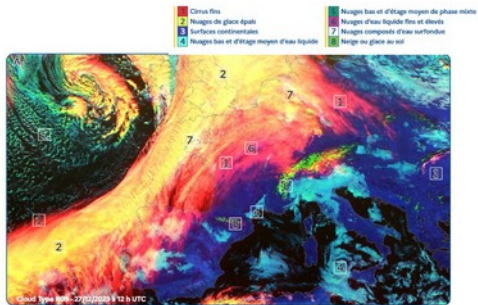
Probabilistic diagnostic



FZRA/FZDZ (ground)



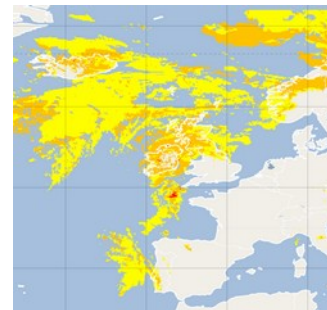
Satellite



Ice Crystal risk (CMIC - NWC-SAF)



SIGMA (sat / radar / NWP model fusion)



Icing

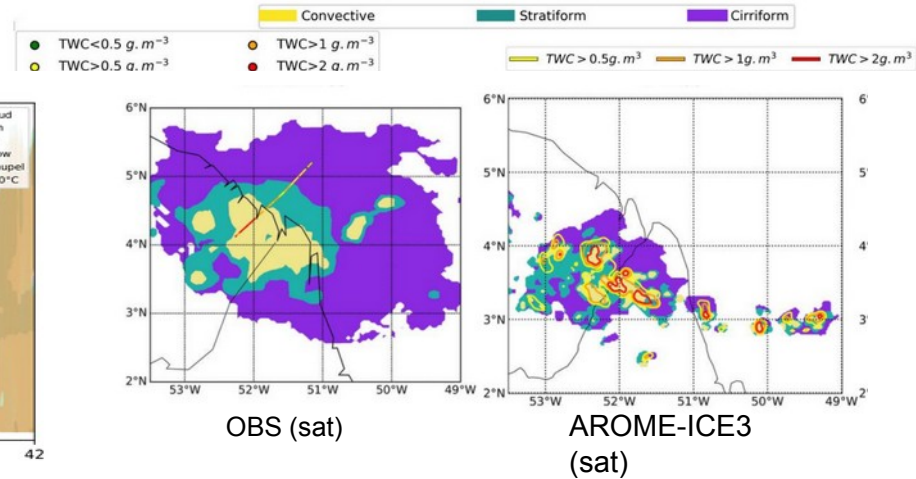
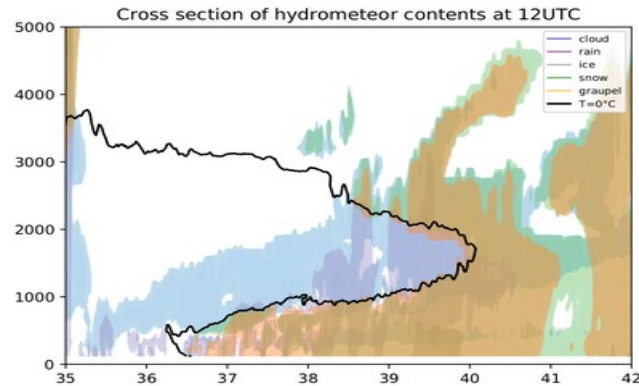
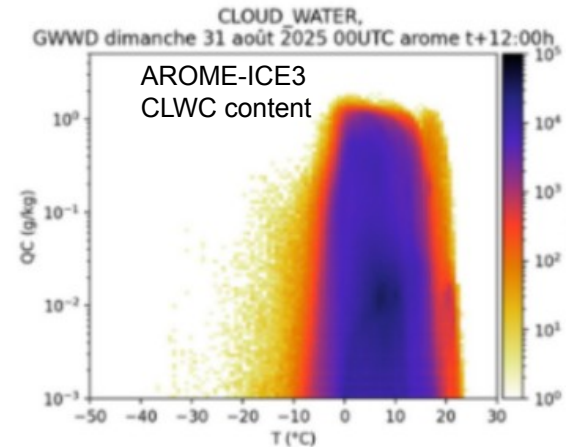
Challenges

Under-representation of supercooled liquid water contents (in AROME-ICE3, and also in AROME-LIMA 2mom, ARPEGE)

Calibration of supercooled liquid water diameter in AROME-LIMA-2mom

→ Discrimination FZRA/FZDZ/Classical icing

Calibration of ice crystals contents in stratiform and cirriform parts of convective systems (ARPEGE / AROME)



ICICLE

In-Cloud Icing and Large-Drop Experiment

Winter 2019



National Research Council Canada



Environment and Climate Change Canada

Other Participants: Desert Research Institute (DRI), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Association (NOAA) Earth System Research Laboratory (ESRL), National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Langley Research Center, Meteo-France, UK Met Office, Deutscher Wetterdienst (German Meteorological Office), Northern Illinois University, Iowa State University, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, and Valparaiso University

Collect data in a wide variety of icing and non-icing conditions
– Small-drop and **large-drop**

Event type (across)	FZDZ aloft down to SL	FZDZ aloft only	FZDZ Seed-Feeder	FZRA	Classical PL	Deep Glaciated	Shallow SCo	High LWC / MVD 30-40 mic	Typical Aca C	Clear Air
Priority	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
% flight hr	15	10-15	10	15	5	5	10-15	5-10	5-10	5
Time (hr)	18	12-18	12	18	6	9	12-18	6-12	6-12	9
Frequency (1-10)	5	5	4	3	2	9	6	3/1	9	10
Sampling Diff (1-10)	5	5	6	8 (2 vs MGA)	9 (narrow)	1	3 (2 vs MGA)	7 (small) / 9 (rare)	2	1
Temp range (°C)	-5 to -13	-5 to -13	-5 to -13 / -20	-2 to -10	-2 to -12	-30	-5 to -20	-4 to -13	-5 to -20	0 to -30
Dominated by	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid/SN mix	Varies	Mixed PCP	Snow	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid/Mix	None
LWC (gm ⁻³)	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.3	0.1-0.2 (FZRA)	0-0.2	0.2-0.8	>1.0 / 0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.0
MVD (mic)	20-250	20-250	20-250	20-2500	20-2500	10-20	10-25	12-20 / 30-40	15-25	N/A
Dmax (mic)	200-500	200-500	200-500	>500	>500	20-30	15-30	15-25 / 35-60	20-30	N/A
Depth (cm)	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.2-1.0	0.3-1.5 (FZRA)	3-40	1.3	2-6 / 1.5	1.5	N/A
Length (mm)	10-200	10-200	10-200	10-100	5-50	20-100+	20-200	5-25 / 10-100	20-500	5-100+
Width (mm)	10-200	10-200	10-200	50-250	50-250	20-100+	20-200	5-50 / 10-100	20-500	5-100+
Duration (h)	2-10+	2-10+	2-10+	2-24+	2-24+	2-24+	2-24+	0.5-3 / 2-24+	4-24+	2-24+
SK Wx Type	FZDZ	DZ / SN / None	FZDZ / SN	FZRA, PL, RA	FZRA, PL, RA	SN, RA	None / SN	SHRA / Varies	None	None

Bernstein et al.

Icing

ICICLE

In-Cloud Icing and Large-Drop Experiment

Winter 2019



National Research Council Canada



Environment and Climate Change Canada

Other Participants: Desert Research Institute (DRI), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Association (NOAA) Earth System Research Laboratory (ESRL), National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Langley Research Center, Meteo-France, UK Met Office, Deutscher Wetterdienst (German Meteorological Office), Northern Illinois University, Iowa State University, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, and Valparaiso University



SENS4ICE



01 DESERT RESEARCH INSTITUTE (DRI) 02 METEOFRANCE (METEOFRANCE) 03 UNIVERSITÄT WÜRZBURG 04 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 05 DEUTSCHER WETTERDIENST (DWD) 06 NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION (NOAA) 07 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 08 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 09 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 10 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 11 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 12 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 13 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 14 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 15 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 16 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 17 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 18 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 19 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA) 20 NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA)

2019-2023

SENS4ICE:

- development, test, validation, and maturation of SLD detection principles.
- **Collect SLD measurement in flight test**

Conditions flight by flight (EU)

Flightnum	ID	SM	DP	POS	DZ	RA	SM DP Icing	FZDZ	FZRA	MIXED	Glac	Clear	Unknown	All	
as230008	1	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.27	2.39	0.00	3.92
as230009	2	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.75	0.28	2.63	0.00	8.73	
as230010	3	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.01	2.31	0.07	3.11	
as230011	4	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.07	2.23	0.05	3.25	
as230014	5	0.14	0.46	0.03	0.03	0.53	0.07	0.00	0.00	2.50	0.18	1.76	0.02	5.69	
as230015	6	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.18	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	3.42	0.00	7.75	
as230016	7	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.66	5.27	0.02	6.41	
as230017	8	0.41	0.23	0.12	0.12	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.05	3.01	0.03	7.06	
as230018	9	0.21	0.84	0.13	0.13	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.91	0.44	3.84	0.32	10.79	
as230019	10	0.16	0.50	0.25	0.25	1.38	0.25	0.00	0.00	3.60	1.98	2.94	0.25	12.00	
as230020	11	0.23	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.43	4.08	0.02	5.93	
as230021	12	0.30	0.29	0.07	0.06	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.59	2.94	1.82	0.14	8.31	
as230022	13	0.14	0.26	0.43	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.38	1.45	2.29	0.15	8.21	
as230023	14	0.03	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00	2.14	0.68	4.78	0.07	8.84	
All		1.88	4.23	0.96	1.68	1.32	0.90	0.00	0.00	22.54	8.25	42.68	1.15	100.00	

Percentage of each condition across measurements data (take off and landing are suppressed)
Some ferry phase are included.

Jaron et al. (SAE)

Collect data in a wide variety of icing and non-icing conditions
– Small-drop and large-drop

Event type (across)	FZDZ aloft	FZDZ aloft	FZDZ aloft	FZRA	Classical	Deep	Shallow	High LWC /	Typical	Clear
Parameter (down)	only	only	Seed-Feeder		PL	Glaciated	SHCw	MVD 30-40 mic	Age C	Air
Priority	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
% flight hr	15	10-13	10	15	3	5	10-15	3-10	3-10	3
Time (hr)	18	12-18	12	18	6	9	12-18	6-12	6-12	9
Frequency (1-10)	5	5	4	3	2	9	6	3/1	9	10
Sampling Diff (1-10)	3	5	6	8 (2 vs MGA)	9 (narrow)	1	3 (2 vs MGA)	7 (small) / 9 (rare)	2	1
Temp range (C)	-5 to -13	-5 to -13	-5 to -13 / -20	-2 to -10	-2 to -12	-30	-5 to -20	-4 to -13	-5 to -20	0 to -30
Dominated by	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid/SN mix	Varies	Mixed PCP	Snow	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid/Mix	None
LWC (gm ⁻³)	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.3	0.1-0.2 (FZRA)	0-0.2	0.2-0.8	>1.0 / 0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.0
MVD (mic)	20-250	20-250	20-250	20-2500	20-2500	10-20	10-35	12-20 / 30-40	15-25	N/A
Dmax (mic) Liquid	200-500	200-500	200-500	>500	>500	20-30	15-30	15-25 / 35-60	20-30	N/A
Depth (m)	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.2-1.0	0.3-1.5 (FZRA)	3-40	1.3	2.6 / 1.5	1.5	N/A
Length (nm)	10-200	10-200	10-200	10-100	5-50	20-100+	20-200	5-35 / 10-100	20-500	5-100+
Width (nm)	10-200	10-200	10-200	50-250	50-250	20-100+	20-200	5-50 / 10-100	20-500	5-100+
Duration (h)	2-10+	2-10+	2-10+	2-24+	2-24+	2-24+	2-24+	0.5-3 / 2-24+	4-24+	2-24+
SK Wx Type	FZDZ	DZ / SN / None	FZDZ / SN	FZRA, PL, RA	FZRA, PL, RA	SH, RA	None / SN	SHRA / Varies	None	None

Bernstein et al.

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Some ferry phase are included.

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Collect data in a wide variety of icing and non-icing conditions

– Small-drop and large-drop

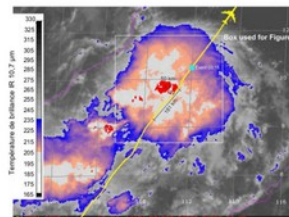
Event type (across)	FZDZ aloft	FZDZ aloft	FZDZ	FZRA	Classical	Deep	Shallow	High LWC /	Typical	Clear
Parameter (down)	only	only	Seed-Feeder		PL	Glaciated	SHCU	MVD 30-40 mic	Asp C	Air
Priority	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
% flight hr	15	10-15	10	15	5	5	10-15	5-10	5-10	5
Time (hr)	18	12-18	12	18	6	9	12-18	6-12	6-12	9
Frequency (1-10)	5	5	4	3	2	9	6	3/1	9	10
Sampling Diff (1-10)	5	5	6	8 (2 vs MGA)	9 (narrow)	1	3 (2 vs MGA)	7 (small) / 9 (rare)	2	
Time range (h)	-5 to -13	-5 to -13	-5 to -13 / 20	-2 to -10	-2 to -12	-30	-5 to -20	-4 to -13	-5 to -20	0 to -30
Dominated by	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid/SN mix	Varies	Mixed PCP	Snow	Liquid	Liquid	Liquid/Mix	None
LWC (gm ³)	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.3	0.1-0.2 (FZRA)	0-0.2	0.2-0.8	>1.0 / 0.1-0.4	0.1-0.4	0.0
MVD (mic)	20-250	20-250	200-500	20-2500	20-2500	10-20	10-35	12-20 / 30-40	15-25	N/A
Dmax (mic) Liquid	200-500	200-500	200-500	>500	>500	20-30	10-30	15-25 / 35-60	20-30	N/A
Depth (m)	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.2-1.0	0.3-1.5 (FZRA)	3-40	1-3	2-6 / 1.5	1.5	N/A
Length (nm)	10-200	10-200	10-200	10-100	5-50	20-100+	20-200	5-35 / 10-100	20-500	5-100+
Width (nm)	10-200	10-200	10-200	50-250	50-250	20-100+	20-200	5-50 / 10-100	20-500	5-100+
Duration (h)	2-10+	2-10+	2-10+	2-24+	2-24+	2-24+	2-24+	0.5-3 / 2-24+	4-24+	2-24+
SK Wx Type	FZDZ	DZ/SN/None	FZDZ/SN	FZRA, PL, RA	FZRA, PL, RA	SN, RA	None/SN	SHRA / Varies	None	None

Bernstein et al.



2014-2015

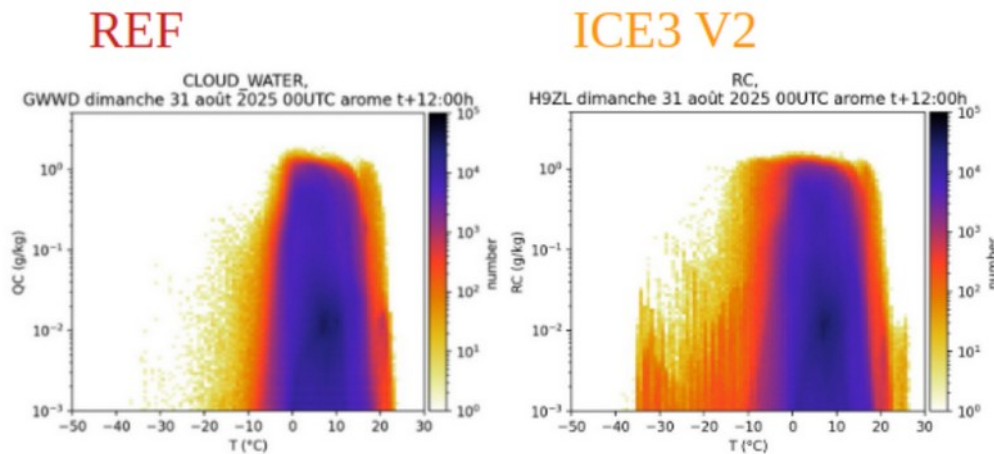
Jaron et al. (SAE)



Icing

Calibration of AROME-ICE3 (1 moment) microphysics for supercooled liquid water representation → based on ICICLE

Rémi Dupont et al. 2024
Phd + Article, Clément Strauss

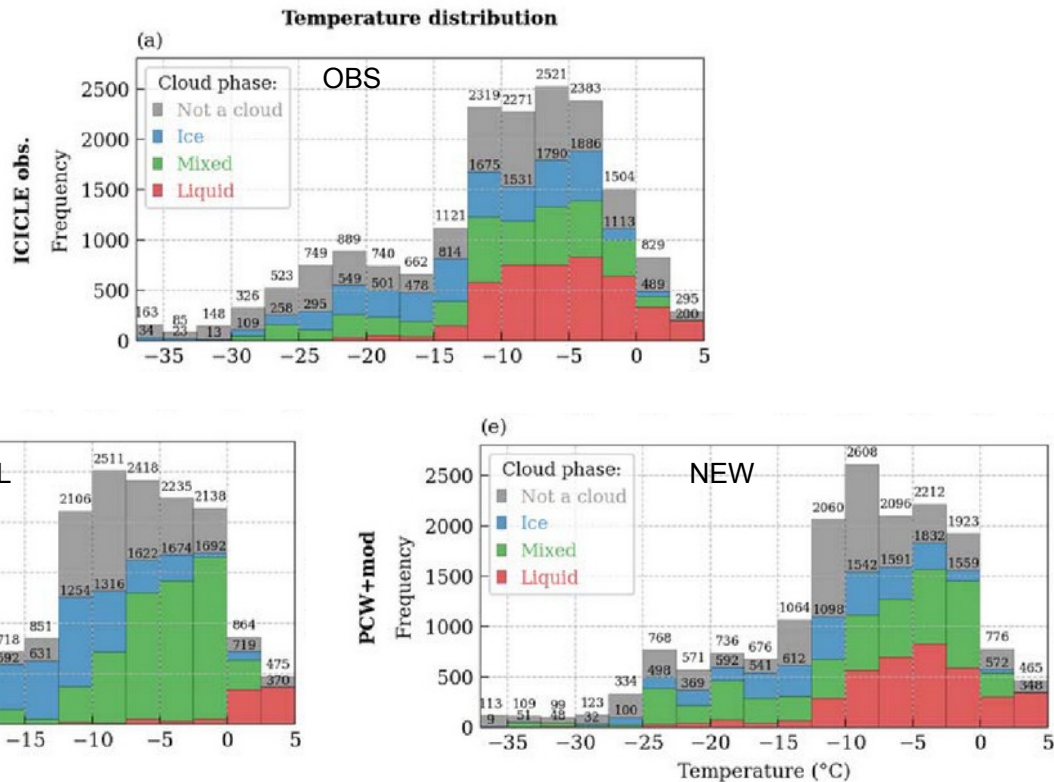


Rémi Dupont et al. 2024, Clément Strauss

Icing

Calibration of AROME-LIMA (2 moment) microphysics for supercooled liquid water representation → based on ICICLE

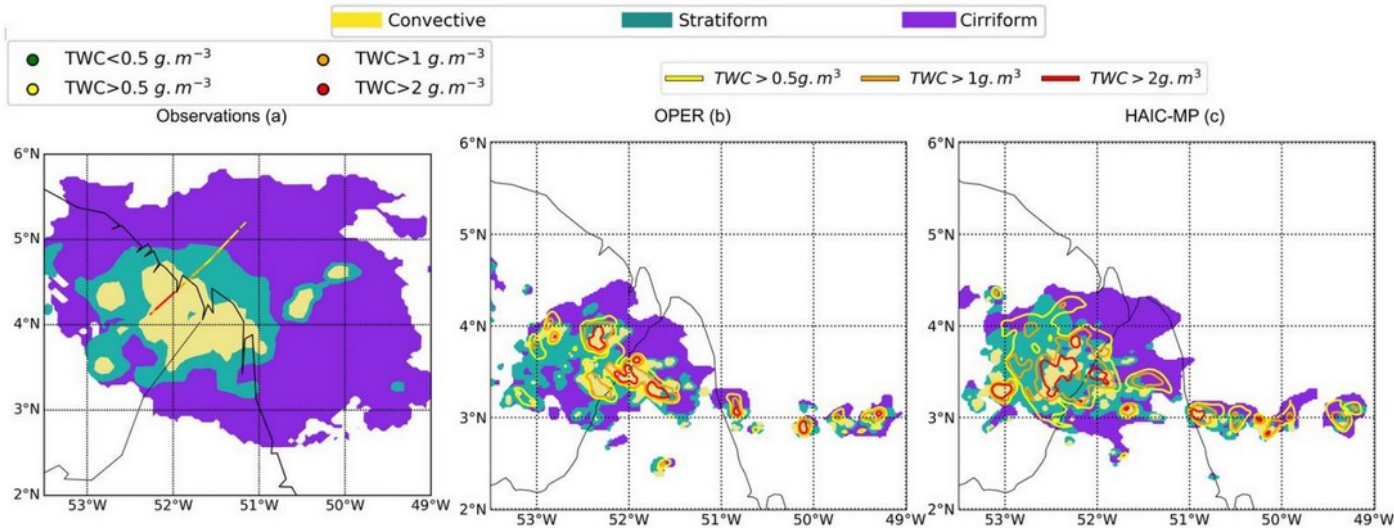
M. July-Wormit et al. 2025
Phd + Article



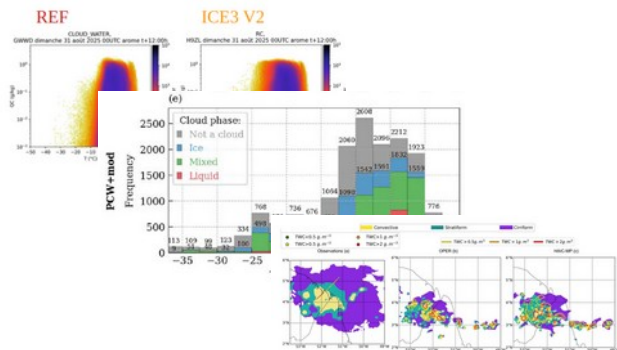
Icing

Calibration of ARPEGE / AROME-ICE3 microphysics for ice crystals → based on HAIC

J. Wurtz et al. 2023
Phd + Article



Calibration of AROME microphysics based on ICICLE



- Calibration of AROME-ICE3 microphysics (next cycle op 2028 after HPC change)
- Calibration of Next-Gen LIMA microphysics

Perspectives:

- Improve icing severity diagnostic AROME/ARPEGE
- → provide SLD diagnostic in AROME (and ARPEGE?)
- Upgrade of SIGMA (Nowcast) with MTG new products
- Improve IC representation in ARPEGE ?

Application in climate study

CERFACS in collaboration with Météo-France
→ operational Icing Index in ARPEGE-Climat

Modèle CNRM-CM6-1 anomalies en unités RMSE - GWL = +4°C - Dépassement du seuil R1 - ssp585

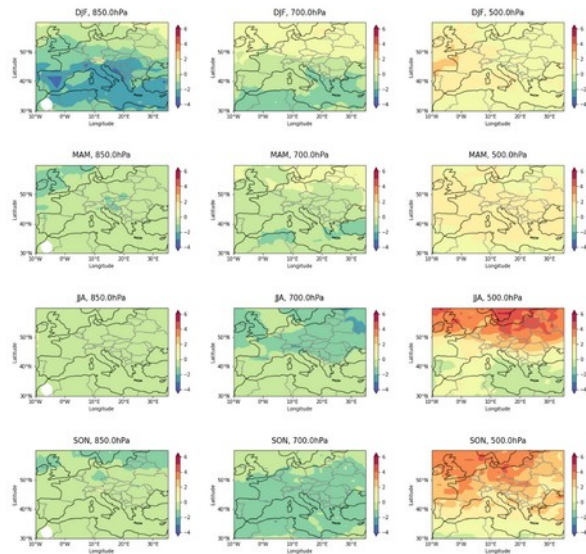


FIGURE 8 - Anomalies maximales en fonction de la saison et de l'altitude, pour GWL = +4°C et ssp585; modèle CNRM-CM6-1

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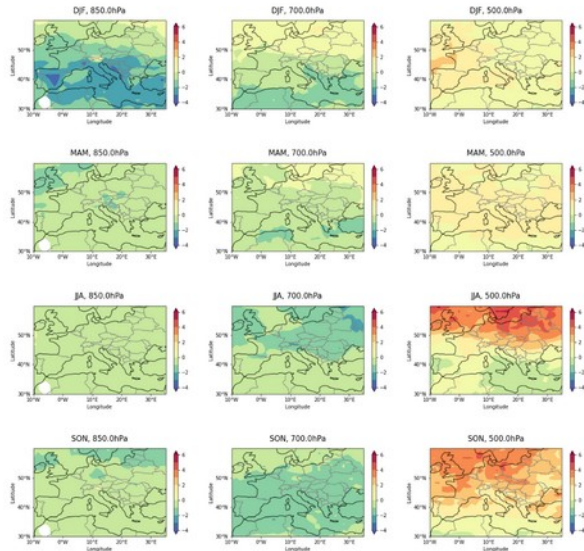


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In collaboration with AIRBUS (work in progress)

Climatology and future trends in SLD icing

→ Use of LIMA microphysics to calibrate & verify SLD diagnostics in reanalyses and climate models

ICECAP (submitted SESAR), SLUSH project (submitted Horizon, Clean Aviation - waiting)

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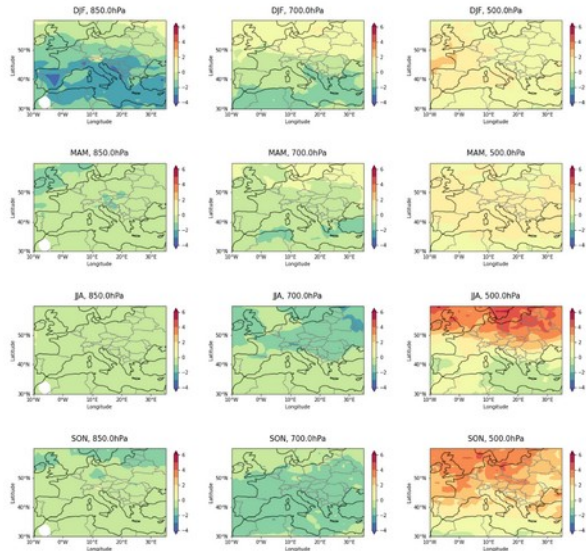


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ICECAP (submitted SESAR), SLUSH project (submitted Horizon, Clean Aviation)

EN-ICCA group (climate change for Aviation) – report on state-of-the-art for icing

Other research works of interest concerning aviation

- Low visibility events: research on the representation of fog in NWP model (e.g. A. Salomé, M. Fathalli, G. Thomas) based on SOFOG3D campaign (ANR)
- Temperature, Wind: MODE-S assimilation in NWP AROME (2024) and ARPEGE models (2026) (V. Pourret)
- VULCLIM : *Vulnérabilité des aéroports face au changement Climatique* (DGAC) in collaboration with Météo-France climate services department.
- AI Techniques:
 - Nowcast (e.g. visibility, satellite products)
 - Subgrid physical parametrization in ARP-GEM climate model (B. Balogh, D. Saint-Martin)
 - Diagnostics (e.g. CAT, Visibility)
 - NWP model emulators (AI-AROME, ARPEGE nudged)
 - Downscaling
 - Ensemble generation
 - Assimilation (Ariadna Perelló Achfari PhD)
- Climate models at kilometeric scale:
 - Limited Area Climate models: CNRM-AROME (convection - Caillaud et al. 2021)
 - Fast climate models / high resolution at global scale : ARP-GEM2 (D. Saint-Martin, O. Geoffroy)

Thank you for your attention

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